

UAN: \${uan}

Dear \${fullname},

Our records show that you were granted pre-settled status approximately, or more than, five years ago. You are receiving this notification to inform you that we will now consider if you are eligible for settled status, without the need for you to submit a further application to the EU Settlement Scheme (EUSS).

#You do not need to take any action or contact the Home Office.

This process will not cost you anything and you will be notified directly if you have been granted settled status. There is more information about the process below and what it might mean for you.

You can ignore this notification and do not need to contact us if:

- *you have already applied for settled status under the EU Settlement Scheme
- *you have recently been granted settled status under the EU Settlement Scheme
- *you have become a British citizen.

#What this means for you

The Home Office will shortly check your details against government-held records and available data to confirm whether you are eligible for settled status. This will include checking your details against tax and benefit records to confirm that you have been continuously resident in the UK for at least 30 months in total in the last 60 months.

#Who can't be automatically granted settled status?

Some pre-settled status holders cannot be automatically converted to settled status and will need to apply for settled status themselves if they wish to obtain it. If we are not able to automatically grant you settled status, your pre-settled status will be extended by five years.

You will need to apply for settled status if you:

- *are an EEA citizen that has not been paying tax or receiving benefits for at least 30 months in total in the last 60 months, as we won't have enough data to confirm your eligibility
- *were granted pre-settled status and later granted a different UK immigration status
- *are a non-EEA family member
- *are a joining family member of any nationality
- *are under the age of 18
- *have other eligibility requirements (such as those with 'derivative rights')

Further information on the different categories of EUSS status holders can be found here: [Apply to the EU Settlement Scheme \(settled and pre-settled status\): Who can apply - GOV.UK](#)

If you have family members or friends, including children, who are now eligible for settled status, you should encourage them to apply for settled status as soon as they become eligible (or apply on their behalf if they are unable to apply themselves).

#If you are automatically granted settled status

If the available data confirms that you are eligible for settled status, your digital status will be automatically updated, and you will receive written confirmation of this. You will be able to view and share your status in the usual way.

#If you are not automatically granted settled status

If we cannot confirm that you are eligible for settled status using the available government-held data, your pre-settled status will be extended. You will be notified of this and any next steps. We may still cancel your pre-settled status if you have not met the eligibility requirements since your status was first granted.

If you have applied for settled status, we will continue to process your application separately.

#What are the benefits of settled status?

Having settled status is the best way to prove your right to live in the UK permanently. This helps ensure you can continue to easily demonstrate your status at the UK border when travelling internationally.

Once you have settled status, you may be eligible to apply for British citizenship.

If a child is born to you in the UK while you have settled status, they will be a British citizen automatically at birth and you will not need to apply to the EU Settlement Scheme on their behalf.